Mark 6127 Series

Pressure Reducing Valves

The primary function of the Mark 6127 is to reduce a greater upstream pressure to a lesser, more manageable downstream pressure, operating without regard to either upstream supply or downstream demand.



OPERATION

PRESSURE REDUCING

The normally open, spring loaded pilot, sensing downstream pressure, responds to changes in pressure and causes the main valve to do the same. The net result is a constant modulating action of the pilot and main valve to hold the downstream pressure constant. The pilot system is equipped with an opening speed control that fine tunes the valve response to the system variables.

VALVE FEATURES

- Operates automatically off line pressure.
- Outlet pressure is accurate over wide range of flow.
- Pilot-operated main valve is not subject to pressure fall off characteristic of direct acting PRV's.
- Outlet pressure is adjustable over complete range of control spring (see pilot features).
- Heavy-duty, nylon-reinforced diaphragm.
- Rectangular-shaped, soft seat seal provides drip tight Class VI closure.
- Diaphragm assembly Guided top and bottom.
- Throttling seat retainer for flow and pressure stability.
- Easily maintained without removal from the line.
- Replaceable seat ring.
- Alignment pins assure proper reassembly after maintenance.
- Valves are factory tested.
- Valves are serial numbered and registered to facilitate replacement parts and factory support.

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SPECIFICATIONS

Sizes:

Globe Flanged: 1.25" - 24" (32 mm - 600 mm) Angle Flanged: 1.25" - 16" (32 mm - 400 mm) Glove/ Angle Threaded: 1.25" - 3" (32 mm - 80 mm) Globe Angle Grooved: 1.5" - 4" (32 mm - 100 mm)

End Connections:

- Flanged
- Threaded
- Grooved

Temperature Range:

(Valve Elastomers) Buna-N: -20°F to 180°F (-29°C to 82°C) Viton: 20°F to 230°F (7°C to 110°C) Fluorisilicon: -40°F to 150°F (-40°C to 66°C) EPDM: 0°F to 230°F (-18°C to 110°C)

Spring Ranges: (outlet setting)

5-30 psi (0,34 - 2,07 bar) 20-80 psi (1,38 - 5,52 bar) 65-180 psi (4,48 - 12,41 bar) 100-300 psi (6,89 - 20,68 bar)

Materials:

Body/Bonnet: Ductile Iron (epoxy coated), Carbon steel (epoxy coated), Stainless Steel, B61 bronze, Ni-Al-Bronze, Duplex Stainless Steel, Monel

Seat Ring: Bronze B61, Stainless Steel, Optional: Ni-Al-Bronze, Duplex Stainless Steel, Monel

Stem: Stainless Steel, Monel, Optional: Duplex Stainless Steel

Spring: Stainless Steel. Optional: Inconel Diaphragm: Buna-N Nylon Reinforced, Viton, EPDM

Seat Disc: Buna-N, Viton, EPDM

Pilot: Bronze, Stainless Steel (Other pilot system components: Bronze/Brass, All Stainless Steel) Optional: Ni-Al-Bronze, Duplex Stainless Steel, Monel

Tubing & Fittings: Copper/brass, Stainless Steel, Optional: Monel

| Valve Size | Globe Valves Cv Range | Angle Valves Cv Range | Flow for 25ft/ sec GPM |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| 1-1/4" — 1-1/2" | 2.3 - 21 | 3.7 - 33 | 115 |
| 2" | 4.7 - 42 | 6.0 - 54 | 260 |
| 2-1/2" | 6.8 - 61 | 7.8 - 70 | 370 |
| 3" | 9.6 - 86 | 14 - 126 | 570 |
| 4" | 20 - 180 | 27 - 243 | 1,000 |
| 6" | 45 - 405 | 65- 585 | 2,250 |
| 8" | 76 - 684 | 100 - 900 | 3, 900 |
| 10" | 110 - 990 | 150 - 1350 | 6,150 |
| 12" | 170 - 1530 | 250 - 2250 | 8,700 |
| 14" | 215 - 1940 | | 10,500 |
| 16" | 285 - 2570 | 300 - 2700 | 13,800 |
| 24" | 690 - 6210 | | 31,300 |

MARK 6127 SERIES PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE

DIMENSIONS

| Dim. | End Conn. | 1 1/4 – 1 1/2 | 2 | 2 1/2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 24 |
|----------|------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|----------|---------|--------|--------|----------|--------|
| Α | Threaded | 8 3/4 | 9 7/8 | 10 1/2 | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Grooved | 8 3/4 | 9 7/8 | 10 1/2 | 13 | 15 1/4 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 8 1/2 | 9 3/8 | 10 1/2 | 12 | 15 | 17 3/4 | 25 3/8 | 29 3/4 | 34 | 39 | 40 3/8 | 62 |
| | 300# Flg | 8 3/4 | 9 7/8 | 11 1/8 | 12 3/4 | 15 5/8 | 18 5/8 | 26 3/8 | 31 1/8 | 35 1/2 | 40 1/2 | 42 | 63 3/4 |
| В | Threaded | 1 7/16 | 1 11/16 | 1 7/8 | 2 1/4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Grooved | 1* | 1 3/16 | 1 7/16 | 1 3/4 | 2 1/4 | 3 5/16 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 2 5/16- 2 1/2 | 3 | 3 1/2 | 3 3/4 | 4 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 6 3/4 | 8 | 9 1/2 | 10 5/8 | 11 3/4 | 16 |
| | 300# Flg | 2 5/8- 3 1/16 | 3 1/4 | 3 3/4 | 4 1/8 | 5 | 6 1/4 | 7 1/2 | 8 3/4 | 10 1/4 | 11 1/2 | 12 3/4 | 18 |
| С | Threaded | 4 3/8 | 4 3/4 | 6 | 6 1/2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angle | Grooved | 4 3/8* | 4 3/4 | 6 | 6 1/2 | 7 5/8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 4 1/4 | 4 3/4 | 6 | 6 | 7 1/2 | 10 | 12 11/16 | 14 7/8 | 17 | - | 20 13/16 | - |
| | 300# Flg | 4 3/8 | 5 | 6 3/8 | 6 3/8 | 7 13/16 | 10 1/2 | 13 3/16 | 15 9/16 | 17 3/4 | - | 21 5/8 | - |
| D | Threaded | 3 1/8 | 3 7/8 | 4 | 4 1/2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angle | Grooved | 3 1/8* | 3 7/8 | 4 | 4 1/2 | 5 5/8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 3 | 3 7/8 | 4 | 4 | 5 1/2 | 6 | 8 | 11 3/8 | 11 | - | 15 11/16 | - |
| | 300# Flg | 3 1/6 | 4 1/8 | 4 3/8 | 4 3/8 | 5 13/16 | 6 1/2 | 8 1/2 | 12 1/16 | 11 3/4 | - | 16 1/2 | - |
| E | ALL | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 1/2 | 8 | 10 | 11 7/8 | 15 3/8 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 27 |
| F | ALL | 3 7/8 | 3 7/8 | 3 7/8 | 3 7/8 | 3 7/8 | 3 7/8 | 6 3/8 | 6 3/8 | 6 3/8 | 6 3/8 | 6 3/8 | 8 |
| G | ALL | 6 | 7 11/16 | 8 3/4 | 8 3/4 | 11 3/4 | 14 | 21 | 24 1/2 | 28 | 31 1/4 | 34 1/2 | 52 |
| н | ALL | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 28 1/2 |
| *Grooved | l end not availa | ble in 1 1/4" | *Grooved and not available in 1.1/4" | | | | | | | | | | |

U.S. DIMENSIONS- INCHES

METRIC DIMENSIONS- M.M.

| Dim. | End Conn. | DN32- DN40 | DN50 | DN65 | DN80 | DN100 | DN150 | DN200 | DN250 | DN300 | DN350 | DN400 | DN600 |
|-------|-----------|---------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| А | Threaded | 222 | 251 | 267 | 330 | _ | _ | _ | - | - | _ | - | - |
| | Grooved | 222 | 251 | 267 | 330 | 387 | 508 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 216 | 238 | 267 | 305 | 381 | 451 | 645 | 756 | 864 | 991 | 1026 | 1575 |
| | 300# Flg | 222 | 251 | 283 | 324 | 397 | 473 | 670 | 791 | 902 | 1029 | 1067 | 1619 |
| В | Threaded | 37 | 43 | 48 | 57 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | Grooved | 25* | 30 | 37 | 44 | 57 | 84 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 59 - 64 | 76 | 89 | 95 | 114 | 140 | 171 | 203 | 241 | 270 | 298 | 406 |
| | 300# Flg | 67 - 78 | 83 | 95 | 105 | 127 | 159 | 191 | 222 | 260 | 292 | 324 | 457 |
| C | Threaded | 111 | 121 | 152 | 165 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angle | Grooved | 111* | 121 | 152 | 165 | 194 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 108 | 121 | 152 | 152 | 191 | 254 | 322 | 378 | 432 | - | 529 | - |
| | 300# Flg | 67 -78 | 83 | 95 | 105 | 127 | 159 | 191 | 222 | 260 | 292 | 324 | 457 |
| D | Threaded | 79 | 98 | 102 | 114 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Angle | Grooved | 79* | 98 | 102 | 114 | 143 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 150# Flg | 76 | 98 | 102 | 102 | 140 | 152 | 203 | 289 | 279 | - | 398 | - |
| | 300# Flg | 79 | 105 | 111 | 111 | 148 | 165 | 216 | 306 | 298 | - | 419 | - |
| E | ALL | 152 | 152 | 178 | 165 | 203 | 254 | 302 | 391 | 432 | 457 | 483 | 686 |
| F | ALL | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 203 |
| G | ALL | 152 | 171 | 195 | 222 | 298 | 356 | 533 | 622 | 711 | 794 | 876 | 1321 |
| Н | ALL | 254 | 279 | 279 | 279 | 305 | 330 | 356 | 432 | 457 | 508 | 508 | 724 |

*Grooved end not available DN32







SCHEMATICS



The Mark 6127 consists of the following components, arranged as shown on the schematic diagram:

- **1. Main Valve:** A hydraulically-operated, diaphragmactuated, globe or angle valve which closes with an elastomer-on-metal-seal.
- 2. Pressure Reducing Pilot: A two-way, normally open pilot valve which senses downstream pressure under its diaphragm and balances it against an adjustable spring load. An increase in downstream pressure tends to make the pilot close.
- **3. Ejector:** A simple "tee" fitting with a fixed orifice in its upstream port. It provides the proper pressure to the diaphragm chamber of the main valve depending on the position of the pressure reducing pilot.
- 4. Flow Control Valve: A needle-type valve which provides adjustable, restricted flow in one direction and free flow in the opposite direction. On the Mark 6127, the flow control valve is connected as an opening speed control.
- **5. Y-Strainer** (standard on water service valves): The strainer protects the pilot system from solid contaminants in the line fluid.
- **6A/B. Two Ball Valves** (standard on water service valves, optional on fuel service valves): Useful for isolating the pilot system for maintenance or trouble shooting.

PILOT

- Accurate sensing of outlet pressure
- Simple, single adjustment All parts replaceable while mounted on valve
- Rubber-to-metal seat for positive shut-off

1340

Bronze and stainless steel construction

Visual indication of diaphragm condition

Large area diaphragm for guick, precise throttling



Pilot Materials Bronze B-62 Stainless Steel ASTM A743/CF8M

Spring Ranges

5-30, 20-80, 65-180, 100-300 psi

Model 1340/ 2420 Pressure Reducing Pilot

- 1. Adjusting Screw Cover
- 2. Adjusting Screw
- 3. Spring
- 4. Diaphragm
- 5. Pressure Sense
- 6. Pilot Outlet
- 7. Pilot Inlet

2420



Pilot Materials Stainless Steel ASTM A743/CF8M

Spring Ranges 200-750 psi

The Model 1340 & 2420 Pressure Reducing Pilot controls the amount of pressure in the upper chamber of the main valve (hence, the degree of opening or closing of the main valve). The downstream system pressure is sensed under the pilot to close, increasing the amount of pressure in the upper chamber of the main valve causing it to close a proportionate amount to maintain a constant discharge pressure. As the downstream pressure decreases, the pilot begins to open, allowing the pressure in the upper chamber of the main valve to decrease, causing the main valve to open. This is a constant modulating action compensating for any change in downstream system pressure.

SIZING CONSIDERATIONS

Procedure

The following procedure takes both factors (flow rate/pressure drop) into account through the use of the flow efficent, or Cv. The theory is simple: for best results, a PRV should be sized to operate between 10% and 90% of its capacity, or in other words, between 10% and 90% of its wide open Cv. It is a four-step procedure:

Step 1: Calculate Cv Minimum

Q Minimum= Minimum anticpated flow, GPM S= specific gravity of fluid (water=1.0) P1= Inlet pressure at Q minimum, psi Ps= Desire outlet pressure, psi



 $C_{Vmax} = Q_{max} \sqrt{\frac{s}{p_2 - p_s}}$

Step 3: From the Cv chart on Page 2, find the size that includes both the Cv min. and Cv max. you have calculated in either the globe or angle valve column.

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Occasionally, the flow range is so wide that both the Cv min. and Cv max. will not fit in the proper range for any one size value. In such cases, a parallel valve installation, with a smaller value by passing around a larger one, should be given strong consideration.



How to Order Your Valve

When ordering, please provide:

- Series Number
- Valve Size
- Globe/Angle
- Pressure Class
- Threaded/ Flanged/ Grooved
- Trim Material
- Adjustment Range

- Pilot Options
- Special Needs/ Installation Requirements

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ft/sec/

Step 2: Calculate Cv Maximum

Q Max.= Maximum anticipated flow, GPM P2= Inlet Pressure at Q maximum, psi PS= Desired outlet pressure, psi

Step 4: From the chart on Page 2, check that the veloc-

ity (GPM) at the calculated Q max. does not exceed 25